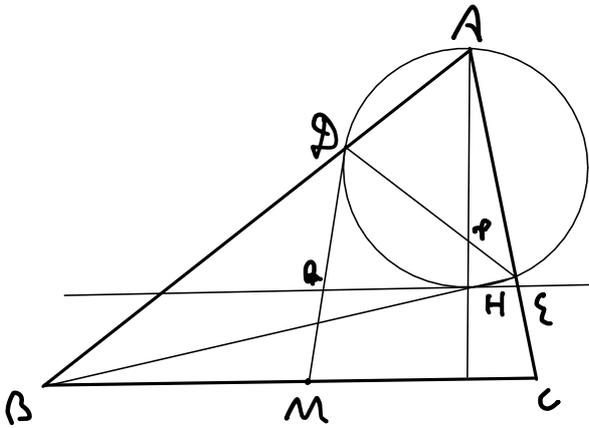


H is the orthocenter of an acute triangle ABC , and let M be the midpoint of BC . Suppose (AH) meets AB and AC at D, E respectively. AH meets DE at P , and the line through H perpendicular to AH meets DM at Q . Prove that P, Q, B are collinear.



$$\xi \equiv \xi'$$

$\therefore B, H, E$ are collinear

$$B = AD \cap HE$$

$$P = AH \cap DE$$

$$Q = DE \cap HH$$

$\hookrightarrow D, H$ are tangent to (AH)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & AH & DD \\ \hline HE & DE & HH \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & DE & HH \\ \hline HE & AH & DD \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} AD & DE & HH \\ \hline EH & HA & DD \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} ADDEHH \\ EHHA DD \end{array}$$

By Pascal's Theorem

with hexagon

$ADDEHH$, P, Q, B are

collinear.

□