

Prove that if $a, b,$ and c are positive real numbers, then

$$a^a b^b c^c \geq (abc)^{(a+b+c)/3}$$

Rearrangement Inequality

Let $a_1 \geq a_2 \geq \dots \geq a_n$ and $b_1 \geq b_2 \geq \dots \geq b_n$ then

$$a_1 b_1 + a_2 b_2 + \dots + a_n b_n \geq a_{\pi(1)} b_{\pi(1)} + \dots + a_{\pi(n)} b_{\pi(n)} \geq a_1 b_n + \dots + a_n b_1$$

when $\pi(i)$ is the i^{th} permutation of 1 to n .

Chebyshev's Inequality

$$a_1 b_1 + \dots + a_n b_n \geq a_1 b_1 + \dots + a_n b_n$$

$$a_1 b_1 + \dots + a_n b_n \geq a_1 b_2 + \dots + a_n b_1$$

⋮

$$+) \underline{a_1 b_1 + \dots + a_n b_n \geq a_1 b_n + \dots + a_n b_1}$$

$$n(a_1 b_1 + \dots + a_n b_n) \geq (a_1 + \dots + a_n)(b_1 + \dots + b_n)$$

$$a^a b^b c^c \geq (abc)^{\frac{a+b+c}{3}} \text{ where } a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

①

$$f(a^a b^b c^c) \geq f((abc)^{\frac{a+b+c}{3}})$$

$$a^a b^b c^c \geq \frac{a+b+c}{3} (a^a + b^b + c^c)$$

②

$$3(a^a + b^b + c^c) \geq (a+b+c)(a^a + b^b + c^c)$$

WLOG, let $a \geq b \geq c$. Then $a^a \geq b^b \geq c^c$.

By Chebyshev's Inequality, the inequality holds.

□