

Euler's Theorem

$$\forall (a, n) = 1, a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$$

PF)  $\phi(n) = \#$  of elements in reduced residue system of modulus  $n$ .

$$1, 2, \dots, n-2, n-1$$

$$RRS(n) = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_k\}$$

$$\phi(n) = k$$

Assuming that  $(a_i, n) = 1$ ,

$$RRS(n) = \{aa_1, aa_2, \dots, aa_k\}$$

$$aa_1 \cdot aa_2 \cdot \dots \cdot aa_k \equiv a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot \dots \cdot a_k \pmod{n}$$

$$a^k (a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot \dots \cdot a_k) \equiv a_1 \cdot a_2 \cdot \dots \cdot a_k \pmod{n}$$

$$(a_i, n) = 1$$

$$\therefore a^k \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$$

$$a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n} \text{ if } (a, n) = 1.$$

□

If  $(a, n) = 1$ , the  $a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ .

Corollary (Fermat's Little Theorem)

For  $p$  prime numbers  $p$  and a number  $a$  such that

$$p \nmid a, a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}.$$

$$a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$$

PF) Because  $(a, p) = 1$ , by Euler's theorem,

$$a^{\phi(p)} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \pmod{p}.$$

$$a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$$

□

Find the remainder when

$$3^{804} \text{ is divided by } 17.$$

(solution) Because  $(3, 17) = 1$ ,

$$3^{\phi(17)} \equiv 1 \pmod{17} \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 17 \\ 34 \end{matrix}$$

$$3^{16} \equiv 1 \pmod{17} \quad \frac{34}{68}$$

$$3^{34} \equiv 1 \pmod{17}$$

$$\therefore 3^{804} \equiv 8 \pmod{17}$$

$$\equiv 13 \pmod{17}$$

(13)